We claim:

- 1.-27. (Canceled)
- 28. (Currently amended) A tubular structure having an aspect ratio of about 3 or more and comprising an interior surface, said interior surface comprising a gaseous deposition product comprising a substantially uniform amorphous carbon coating comprising a thickness of about [[5]]2 micrometers or more, wherein said coating comprises a hydrogen concentration of about 32 %.
 - 29.-30. (Canceled). .
- 31. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 28 wherein said coating comprises a thickness of about 5 micrometers or more.
- 32. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 28 wherein said coating comprises a thickness of about 15 micrometers or more.
 - 33.-34. (Canceled).
- 35. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 31 wherein said substantially uniform coating comprises a coating thickness comprising a uniformity of about +/-20% or less along its length.
- 36. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[32]]28 wherein said substantially uniform coating comprises a coating thickness comprising a uniformity of about +/-20% or less along its length.
 - 37. (Canceled).
- 38. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 28 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
- 39. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 31 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
- 40. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 32 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
 - 41.-44. (Canceled).
- 45. (Currently amended) A tubular structure having an aspect ratio of about 6 or more and comprising an interior surface, said interior surface comprising a gaseous deposition product comprising a substantially uniform amorphous carbon coating having a thickness of about 2 micrometers or more, wherein said interior surface comprises one or more metal and a sequential gradient comprising:

silicon chemically bonded to said metal, forming a metal-silicide;
silicon cohesively bonded to said metal-silicide;
carbon chemically bonded to said silicon, forming silicon-carbide; and
carbon cohesively bonded to said silicon-carbide forming said substantially uniform
amorphous carbon coating.

- 46.-47. (Canceled).
- 48. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 45 wherein said coating has a thickness of about 5 micrometers or more.
- 49. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 45 wherein said coating has a thickness of about 15 micrometers or more.
 - 50. (Canceled).
- 51. (Currently amended) A tubular structure having an aspect ratio of about 6 or more and comprising an interior surface, said interior surface comprising a gaseous deposition product comprising a substantially uniform amorphous carbon coating having a coating thickness of about 2 micrometers or more and comprising a uniformity of about +/- 20% or less along its length, wherein said interior surface comprises one or more metal and a sequential gradient comprising:

silicon chemically bonded to said metal, forming a metal-silicide;
silicon cohesively bonded to said metal-silicide;
carbon chemically bonded to said silicon, forming silicon-carbide; and
carbon cohesively bonded to said silicon-carbide forming said substantially uniform
amorphous carbon coating.

- 52. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim 48 wherein said substantially uniform amorphous carbon coating comprises a coating thickness comprising a uniformity of about +/- 20% or less along its length.
- 53. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim 49 wherein said substantially uniform <u>amorphous carbon</u> coating comprises a coating thickness comprising a uniformity of about +/- 20% or less along its length.
- 54. (Currently amended) A tubular structure having an aspect ratio of about 6 or more and comprising an interior surface, said interior surface comprising a gaseous deposition product comprising a substantially uniform amorphous carbon coating having a thickness of about 0.5 micrometers or more and comprising a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using

a nano-indentation hardness tester, wherein said interior surface comprises one or more metal and a sequential gradient comprising:

silicon chemically bonded to said metal, forming a metal-silicide;
silicon cohesively bonded to said metal-silicide;
carbon chemically bonded to said silicon, forming silicon-carbide; and
carbon cohesively bonded to said silicon-carbide forming said substantially uniform
amorphous carbon coating.

- 55. (Canceled).
- 56. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim [[48]]51 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
- 57. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim [[49]]45 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
 - 58.-59. (Canceled).
- 60. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[48]]45 wherein said coating comprises a hydrogen concentration of about 32 %.
- 61. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[49]]54 wherein said coating comprises a hydrogen concentration of about 32 %.
 - 62. (Canceled).
- 63. (Currently amended) A tubular structure having an aspect ratio of about 6 or more and comprising an interior surface, said interior surface comprising a gaseous deposition product comprising a substantially uniform amorphous carbon coating having a thickness of about 2 micrometers or more, The tubular structure of claim 45 comprising said interior surface, wherein said interior surface comprises one or more metal and a sequential gradient towards a center of said tubular structure comprising:

germanium chemically bonded to said metal, forming a metal-germanide;
germanium cohesively bonded to said metal-germanide;
carbon chemically bonded to said germanium, forming germanium -carbide; and
carbon cohesively bonded to said germanium -carbide forming said substantially uniform
amorphous carbon coating.

64.-65. (Canceled)

- 66. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[62]]63 wherein said amorphous carbon coating has a thickness of about 5 micrometers or more.
- 67. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[62]]63 wherein said amorphous carbon coating has a thickness of about 15 micrometers or more.
 - 68. (Canceled).
- 69. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[98]]28 wherein said gaseous deposition product further comprises silicon.
- 70. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[98]]28 wherein said gaseous deposition product further comprises chromium.
- 71. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[98]]28 wherein said gaseous deposition product further comprises aluminum.
- 72. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[98]]28 wherein said gaseous deposition product further comprises titanium.
- 73. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[62]]45 wherein a gaseous precursor to said gaseous deposition product comprises a diffusion pump fluid selected from the group consisting of polyphenyl ether; elcosyl naphthalene; *i*-diamyl phthalate; *i*-diamyl sebacate; chlorinated hydrocarbons; *n*-dibutyl phthalate; *n*-dibutyl sebacate; 2-ethyl hexyl sebacate; 2-ethyl hexyl phthalate; di-2-ethyl-hexyl sebacate; tri-*m*-cresyl phosphate; tri-*p*-cresyl phosphate; and o-dibenzyl sebacate.
 - 74.-77. (Canceled).
- 78. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[98]]28 wherein a gaseous precursor to said gaseous deposition product comprises metala metallic precursor.
- 79. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim 78 wherein said metalliegaseous precursor is selected from the group consisting of metal carbonyls, metal acetates, and metal alkanedionates.
- 80. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim 79 wherein said metalliegaseous precursor is metal pentanedionate.
- 81. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim 79 wherein said metalliegaseous precursor is selected from the group consisting of tetrakis(dimethylamino)titanium, chromium carbonyls (hexacarbonylchromium), vanadium carbonyls (hexacarbonylvanadium carbonyl).

- 82. (Withdrawn) The tubular structure of claim 81 wherein said hexacarbonylvanadium carbonyl is selected from the group consisting of erbium III acetate, yttrium 2,4- pentanedionate, erbium 2,4-pantanedionate, and N,N-(dimethylethanamine)-trihydridoaluminum.
- 83. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[62]]45 wherein a gaseous precursor to said gaseous deposition product comprises silane.
- 84. (Withdrawn, currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[68]]83 wherein a gaseous precursor to said gaseous deposition product comprises trimethyl silane.
- 85. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[64]]45 wherein said coating thickness comprises a uniformity of about +/- 20% or less along its length.
- 86. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[65]]54 wherein said coating thickness comprises a uniformity of about +/- 20% or less along its length.
- 87. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[6656]] wherein said coating thickness comprises a uniformity of about +/- 20% or less along its length.
- 88. (Currently amended) The tubular structure of claim [[6757]] wherein said coating thickness comprises a uniformity of about +/- 20% or less along its length.
- 89. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 85 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
- 90. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 86 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
- 91. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 87 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
- 92. (Previously presented) The tubular structure of claim 88 wherein said coating comprises a nanohardness of about 15 GPa measured using a nano-indentation hardness tester.
 - 93.-108 (Canceled).